To: The Office of the Attorney General ATTN: Initiative Coordinator 1300 I Street, 17th Floor Sacramento, CA 95814 (916) 445-4752 I www.oag.ca.gov

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RE: Request for Circulating Title and Summary

INITIATIVE COORDINATOR ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE

To Whom it May Concern:

Pursuant to Article II, Section 10(d) of the California Constitution, this letter respectfully requests that the Attorney General prepare a circulating title and summary of the enclosed proposed statewide initiative. Also enclosed are the required signed statements pursuant to California Elections Code sections 9001 and 9608, a check in the amount of \$2,000, and the proponents' addresses as registered voters attached as Attachment A.

Please direct all inquiries and correspondence regarding this proposed initiative to:

John Heath (323) 248-1699 Jheath@uhawhvp.org

Submitted by proponents:

Bill Brand John Heath Peggy Huang Jovita Mendoza Dennis Richards

Enclosures: Initiative language; Certifications, check for \$2,000, proponents' addresses

SECTION 1. The people of the state of California find and declare all of the following:

- (a) The circumstances and environmental impacts of local land use decisions vary greatly across the state from locality to locality.
- (b) The infrastructure required to maintain appropriate levels of public services, including police and fire services, parklands and public open spaces, transportation, water supply, schools, and sewers varies greatly across the state from locality to locality.
- (c) Land use decisions made by local officials must balance development with public facilities and services while addressing the economic, environmental, and social needs of the particular communities served by those local officials.
- (d) Thus, it is in the best interests of the state and local communities for these complex decisions to be made at the local level to ensure that the specific, unique characteristics, constraints, and needs of those communities are properly analyzed and addressed.
- (e) Gentrification of housing adjacent to public transportation will reduce or eliminate the availability of low or very low income housing near public transit, resulting in the loss of access by low or very low income persons to public transit, declines in public transit ridership, and increases in vehicle miles travelled.
- (f) The State Legislature cannot properly assess the impacts upon each community of sweeping centralized and rigid state land use rules and zoning regulations that apply across the state without regard to community impacts and, as a result, statewide land use and zoning will do great harm to local communities with differing circumstances and concerns.
- (g) Community Development should not be controlled by State planners, but by local governments that know and can address the needs of, and the impacts upon, local communities.
- (h) Numerous state laws that target communities for elimination of zoning standards have been enacted, and continue to be proposed, that eliminate or erode local control over local development, and circumvent the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA").
- (i) The purpose of this measure is to ensure that all decisions regarding local land use controls, including zoning regulations, are made by the affected communities in accordance with applicable law. This constitutional amendment would continue to provide for State control in the coastal zone, the siting of a power plant that can generate more than 50 megawatts of electricity, or the development or construction of water, communication or transportation infrastructure projects for which the Legislature declares are matters of statewide concern and are in the best interests of the state. For purposes of this measure, it is the intent that a transportation infrastructure project not include a transit-oriented development project that is residential, commercial, or mixed-use.

SECTION 2. Section 4(i) is added to Article XI of the California Constitution, to read:

- SEC. 4(i). (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), in the event of a conflict with a state statute, a county charter provision, general plan, specific plan, ordinance or a regulation adopted pursuant to a county charter, that regulates the zoning, development or use of land within the boundaries of an unincorporated area of the county shall be deemed a county affair within the meaning of Section 4 and shall prevail over a conflicting state statute.
- (b) A county charter provision, general plan, specific plan, ordinance or a regulation adopted pursuant to an unincorporated area within a county, may be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in accordance with Section 4, to address either a matter of statewide

concern or a county affair if that provision, ordinance, or regulation conflicts with a state statute with regard to only the following:

- (1) The California Coastal Act of 1976 (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public Resources Code), or a successor statute.
- (2) The siting of a power generating facility capable of generating more than 50 megawatts of electricity and the California Public Utilities Commission has determined that a need exists at that location that is a matter of statewide concern.
- (3) The development or construction of a water, communication or transportation infrastructure project for which the Legislature has declared in statute the reasons why the project addresses a matter of statewide concern and is in the best interests of the state. For purposes of this paragraph, a transportation infrastructure project does not include a transit-oriented development project, whether residential, commercial, or mixed-use.
- (c) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

SECTION 3. Section 5.5 is added to Article XI of the California Constitution, to read:

- SEC. 5.5. (a) Except as provided in subdivision (b), in the event of a conflict with a state statute, a city charter provision, general plan, specific plan, ordinance or a regulation adopted pursuant to a city charter, that establishes land use policies or regulates zoning or development standards within the boundaries of the city shall be deemed a municipal affair within the meaning of Section 5 and shall prevail over a conflicting state statute.
- (b) A city charter provision, general plan, specific plan, ordinance or a regulation adopted pursuant to a city charter, may be determined by a court of competent jurisdiction, in accordance with Section 5, to address either a matter of statewide concern or a municipal affair if that provision, ordinance, or regulation conflicts with a state statute with regard to only the following:
 - (1) The California Coastal Act of 1976 (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public Resources Code), or a successor statute.
 - (2) The siting of a power generating facility capable of generating more than 50 megawatts of electricity and the California Public Utilities Commission has determined that a need exists at that location that is a matter of statewide concern.
 - (3) The development or construction of a water, communication or transportation infrastructure project for which the Legislature has declared in statute the reasons why the project addresses a matter of statewide concern and is in the best interests of the state. For purposes of this paragraph, a transportation infrastructure project does not include a transit-oriented development project, whether residential, commercial, or mixed-use.
- (c) The provisions of this section are severable. If any provision of this section or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.

SECTION 4. Section 7 of Article XI of the California Constitution is amended to read: SEC. 7. (a) A county or city may make and enforce within its limits all local, police, sanitary,

and other ordinances and regulations not that are not, except as provided in subdivision (b), in conflict with general laws.

(b) (l) A county or city general plan, specific plan, ordinance or regulation that regulates the zoning, development or use of land within the boundaries of the county or city shall prevail over conflicting general laws, except for only the following:

- (A) A coastal land use plan, ordinance or regulation that conflicts with the California Coastal Act of 1976 (Division 20 (commencing with Section 30000) of the Public Resources Code), or a successor statute.
- (B) An ordinance or regulation that addresses the siting of a power generating facility capable of generating more than 50 megawatts of electricity and the California Public Utilities Commission has determined that a need exists at that location that is a matter of statewide concern.
- (C) An ordinance or regulation that addresses the development or construction of a water or transportation infrastructure project for which the Legislature has declared in statute the reasons why the project addresses a matter of statewide concern and is in the best interests of the state. For purposes of this subparagraph, a transportation infrastructure project does not include a transitoriented development project, whether residential, commercial, or mixed-use.
- (2) The provisions of this subdivision are severable. If any provision of this subdivision or its application is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application.